## **CLAIMS**

The listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1. (previously amended) A method of depositing a silicon based film on a wafer characterized in that at least one silicon containing precursor and at least one chemical precursor are introduced into a single-wafer hot-wall rapid-thermal chemical vapor deposition chamber housing the wafer and having a plurality of heating elements above the wafer, and in that energy is applied to the plurality of heating elements to heat the wafer to a temperature of 400-550 °C, wherein the precursors react to form a silicon based film on the wafer at a deposition rate of approximately 1000 Å/min. or greater.
- 2. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 wherein said silicon based film deposited on the wafer exhibits uniformity of < has a thickness variation of about 2% 1σ or less.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said at least one silicon containing precursor is comprised of any one of or combination of SiH<sub>4</sub>, SiCl<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, Si<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, Si<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>6</sub>, SiCl<sub>3</sub>H, or SiCl<sub>4</sub>.
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said at least one silicon containing precursor is Si<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub> and said at least one chemical precursor is NH<sub>3</sub>.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said at least one chemical precursor is a nitrogen source selected from the group of NH<sub>3</sub>, alkyl amine, hydrazine, alkylhydrazine, alkyl amide, alkyl imide, and atomic nitrogen.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein said method is carried out at a pressure in the range of about 10 to 500 Torr.
- 7. (previously amended) The method of claim 1 wherein said method is carried out at a pressure in the range of about 100 to 200 Torr.
- 8. (currently amended) The method of claim  $\pm 5$  further characterized in that the nitrogen source precursor an inert gas is introduced into the hot wall thermal chamber at a flow rate of about 10 to 10,000 sccm.

- 9. (previously amended) The method of claim 1 further characterized in that an oxidant is introduced into the hot wall thermal chamber, and wherein the oxidant is comprised of any one of or combination of ozone, O<sub>2</sub>, NO, N<sub>2</sub>O, H<sub>2</sub>O, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and atomic oxygen.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1 wherein the silicon containing precursor is conveyed at a flow rate in the range of 10 sccm to 500 sccm.
- 11. (previously amended) A method of depositing a silicon based film on a wafer in a single-wafer hot-wall rapid-thermal chemical vapor deposition chamber having a plurality of heating elements, comprising the steps of:

positioning the wafer in the chamber and under the heating elements;

applying energy to the plurality of heating elements to heat the wafer to a temperature in the range of 400 to 550°C;

reacting at least one silicon containing precursor and ate least one nitrogen containing precursor to deposit a silicon based film on the wafer while the wafer is being held at the temperature.

- 12. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein said at least one silicon containing precursor is comprised of any one of, or combination of SiH<sub>4</sub>, SiCl<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, Si<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, Si<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>6</sub>, SiCl<sub>3</sub>H, or SiCl<sub>4</sub>.
- 13. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein said at least one silicon containing precursor is Si<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub> and said at least one nitrogen precursor is NH<sub>3</sub>.
- 14. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein said at least one nitrogen precursor is comprised of any one of or combination of NH<sub>3</sub>, alkyl amine, hydrazine, alkylhydrazine, alkyl amide, alkyl imide or atomic nitrogen.
- 15. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein said method is carried out at a pressure in the range of about 10 to 500 Torr.
- 16. (previously amended) The method of claim 11 further comprising introducing an oxidant into the chamber, and wherein the oxidant is comprised of any one of or combination of ozone, O<sub>2</sub>, NO, N<sub>2</sub>O, H<sub>2</sub>O, H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> and atomic oxygen.

17. (previously amended) A method of depositing a silicon based film on a wafer in a single-wafer hot-wall rapid-thermal chemical vapor deposition chamber having a plurality of heating elements, comprising the steps of:

positioning the wafer in the chamber and under the heating elements;

applying energy to the plurality of heating elements to heat the wafer to a temperature of up to approximately 550 °C;

establishing the pressure in the chamber in the range of approximately 10 to 500 Torr; conveying at least one silicon containing precursor comprised of any one of, or combination of SiH<sub>4</sub>, SiCl<sub>2</sub>H<sub>2</sub>, Si<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>, Si<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>6</sub>, SiCl<sub>3</sub>H, or SiCl<sub>4</sub>, and at least one nitrogen containing precursor comprised of any one of or combination of NH<sub>3</sub>, alkyl amine, hydrazine, alkylhydrazine, alkyl amide, alkyl imide or atomic nitrogen; and

reacting said silicon and nitrogen containing precursors to deposit a silicon based film on the wafer.

- 18. (currently amended) The method of claim 17 wherein the silicon based film is deposited at a deposition rate of about 500 Angstrom or greater.
- 19. (Original) The method of claim 18 wherein the silicon based film is deposited at a deposition rate of about 1000 Angstrom or greater.
- 20. (currently amended) The method of claim 19 wherein the silicon based film exhibits uniformity of < has a thickness variation of about 2% 1σ or less.